

**CALHOUN COUNTY CONSOLIDATED DISPATCH AUTHORITY
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018**



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Members of Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Marshall, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Authority, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the required pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Gabridge & Company, PLC
Grand Rapids, MI
June 28, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,882,015 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,961,039 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's general fund reported fund balance of \$1,640,766, a decrease of \$257,913 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,610,447, or approximately 41.3% of annual general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Financial statements. The financial statements are presented in a columnar format. The Authority maintains only one fund, a governmental fund (operating, or general, fund) that is presented in the first column (*governmental funds* financial statements) and is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These fund financial statements present a short-term view and tell how resources were spent during the year as well as what remains for future spending. Such financial information may be helpful in evaluating the Authority's near-term financing requirements.

The second column in the financial statements presents the adjustments necessary to reconcile the *governmental funds* financial statements to the *governmental activities* financial statements (*statement of net position* and *statement of activities*) presented in the third column.

These *governmental activities* financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad view of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business and, therefore, are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a longer-term view of the Authority's finances and whether the full cost of government services have been funded.

The two governmental activities statements are as follows:

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that result in cash flows in different fiscal periods.

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental fund and governmental activities financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* presenting budgetary comparisons for the Authority's general fund.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net position of the Authority as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
ASSETS		
<i>Current Assets</i>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,533,246	\$ 1,800,482
Accounts Receivable	212,068	194,429
Prepaid Expenses	22,622	-
Due from Other Governments	91,924	96,140
Total Current Assets	<u>1,859,860</u>	<u>2,091,051</u>
<i>Noncurrent Assets</i>		
Capital Assets, Net	3,390,657	3,530,512
Net Pension Asset	304,097	-
Total Assets	<u>5,554,614</u>	<u>5,621,563</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	334,735	429,523
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>334,735</u>	<u>429,523</u>
LIABILITIES		
<i>Current Liabilities</i>		
Accounts Payable	117,322	83,771
Accrued Salaries and Payroll Taxes	69,123	69,924
Unearned Revenue	32,649	38,677
Accrued Interest	10,057	
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	160,396	
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	29,000	25,000
Total Current Liabilities	<u>418,547</u>	<u>217,372</u>
<i>Noncurrent Liabilities</i>		
Compensated Absences	28,975	24,301
Long-term Debt	339,604	-
Net Pension Liability	-	72,154
Total Liabilities	<u>787,126</u>	<u>313,827</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	220,208	12,816
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>220,208</u>	<u>12,816</u>
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,890,657	3,530,512
Restricted	30,319	19,712
Unrestricted	1,961,039	2,174,219
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 4,882,015</u>	<u>\$ 5,724,443</u>

The Largest portion of the Authority’s net position (59%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., leasehold improvements, equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The Authority uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the Authority’s net position, \$30,319, is restricted for training. The remaining balance of \$1,961,039 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government’s ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The following analysis highlights the changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenue		
Charges for Services	\$ 3,133,948	\$ 3,441,637
Interest	10,758	2,785
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>3,144,706</u>	<u>3,444,422</u>
Expenses		
Public Safety	3,977,077	3,998,821
Debt Service - Interest	10,057	-
<i>Total Expenses</i>	<u>3,987,134</u>	<u>3,998,821</u>
<i>Change in Net Position</i>	<u>(842,428)</u>	<u>(554,399)</u>
<i>Net Position at Beginning of Period</i>	<u>5,724,443</u>	<u>6,278,842</u>
<i>Net Position at End of Period</i>	<u>\$ 4,882,015</u>	<u>\$ 5,724,443</u>

Net position decreased by \$842,428 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 due to total expenditures exceeding total revenue. Total revenues decreased in 2018 compared to 2017 while expenditures remained at a similar level. Revenues decreased mainly due to reducing the surcharges of local units of government by \$262,997 during the 2018 fiscal year. Additionally, the Authority received \$90,976 in reimbursement revenue in 2017 for a joint project with two other municipalities. This revenue item also contributes to the total decrease in revenue for 2018 as the reimbursement was only received in the 2017 fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Authority's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Authority itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the Authority's Board.

The general fund is the operating fund of the Authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the general fund was \$1,640,766, of which \$30,319 is restricted for training. Fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$257,913 from the prior year. Unassigned fund balance of \$1,610,447 represents approximately 41.3 percent of annual general fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year there were budget amendments made to the original budgeted amounts for public safety and capital outlay expenditures. Please see the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents, for a detailed listing of the changes to the original budgeted amounts.

Final budget compared to actual results. The Authority had the following expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated during the year ended December 31, 2018:

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Capital Outlay	\$ 547,000	\$ 860,807	\$ (313,807)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2018 amounted to \$3,390,657 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes leasehold improvements and equipment.

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

As of December 31, 2018 the Authority's long-term debt consisted of a capital lease of \$500,000 and compensated absences of \$57,975.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Next Year's Budget

Economic Condition and Outlook

Management estimates that \$3,865,000 of revenues will be available for appropriation in the general fund in the upcoming year. The Authority continues to review all budget line items for opportunities to reduce expenditures when possible. The budget will be monitored during the year to identify any necessary amendments. In 2019, the Authority plans again to use current revenues to provide essential services and to maintain the Authority's financial reserves at similar levels.

Contacting the Authority's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Authority's Administration Director.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
315 West Green Street
Marshall, MI 49068

Basic Financial Statements

**Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet / Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2018**

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS			
<i>Current Assets</i>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,533,246		\$ 1,533,246
Accounts Receivable	212,068		212,068
Prepaid Expenses	22,622		22,622
Due from Other Governments	91,924		91,924
Total Current Assets	1,859,860		1,859,860
<i>Noncurrent Assets</i>			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	-- (1)	632,976	632,976
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	-- (1)	2,757,681	2,757,681
Net Pension Asset	-- (2)	304,097	304,097
Total Assets	1,859,860		5,554,614
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	-- (4)	334,735	334,735
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	--		334,735
LIABILITIES			
<i>Current Liabilities</i>			
Accounts Payable	117,322		117,322
Accrued Salaries and Payroll Taxes	69,123		69,123
Unearned Revenue	32,649		32,649
Accrued Interest	-- (5)	10,057	10,057
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	-- (5)	160,396	160,396
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	-- (3)	29,000	29,000
Total Current Liabilities	219,094		418,547
<i>Noncurrent Liabilities</i>			
Compensated Absences	-- (3)	28,975	28,975
Long-term Debt	-- (5)	339,604	339,604
Total Liabilities	219,094		787,126
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	-- (4)	220,208	220,208
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	--		220,208
FUND BALANCE			
Restricted	30,319	(30,319)	--
Unassigned	1,610,447	(1,610,447)	--
Total Fund Balance	1,640,766		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,859,860		
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,390,657	2,890,657
<i>Restricted For:</i>			
Training Funds		30,319	30,319
Unrestricted		1,961,039	1,961,039
Total Net Position			\$ 4,882,015

(1) Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.

(2) Net pension asset is not paid from current financial resources and, therefore, is excluded from the fund financial statement.

(3) Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund.

(4) Deferred outflows and inflows from the difference between projected and actual investment earnings of pension plan as well as Dispatch contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability are not reported in the fund.

(5) Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of capital leases and accrued interest.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance / Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 3,133,948		\$ 3,133,948
Interest	10,758		10,758
Total Revenues	3,144,706		3,144,706
Expenditures			
Public Safety	3,041,812 (1)(2)(3)	935,265	3,977,077
Capital Outlay	860,807 (1)	(860,807)	--
Interest on Long-term Debt	-- (5)	10,057	10,057
Total Expenditures	3,902,619		3,987,134
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(757,913)		(842,428)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Capital Lease	500,000 (4)	(500,000)	--
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000		--
Net Change in Fund Balance / Net Position	(257,913)		(842,428)
<i>Fund Balance / Net Position at Beginning of Period</i>	<i>1,898,679</i>		<i>5,724,443</i>
Fund Balance / Net Position at End of Period	\$ 1,640,766		\$ 4,882,015

- (1) In the statement of activities, a provision for depreciation of \$996,615 was recorded on the capital assets recorded in the statement of net position. In the governmental (general) fund there is no depreciation recorded. Also, in the statement of activities, assets acquired during the year of \$860,807 are capitalized on the statement of net position, rather than being recorded as expenditures on the governmental (general) fund.
- (2) Changes to net pension asset and deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are not shown in the fund financial statement.
- (3) Changes to certain liabilities such as compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statement.
- (4) Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.
- (5) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

The Notes to the Financial Statement are integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority (the “Authority”) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority’s accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Authority was formed by an intergovernmental agreement between the City of Marshall, City of Albion, City of Battle Creek, and the County of Calhoun effective January 1, 2009. The Authority is a legal entity, separate and independent from the participating municipalities. The Authority is governed by a nine-member governing Board of Directors.

The Authority was created to improve the handling of emergency calls for service from the public. The Authority is responsible for the implementation of technology integration and operational compatibility of dispatch of emergency, police, fire, and ambulance services. Improvements are planned to include infrastructure upgrades, technology initiatives, personnel development, and general operations.

Operating revenue for the Authority is obtained through a surcharge on communications devices that are capable of accessing 911. Through the intergovernmental agreement, the County has provided that all such revenue be provided to the Authority. The County is to levy the surcharge at a rate no less than the rate approved by the Michigan Public Service Commission on June 3, 2008. State legislation enabling the 911 surcharge is in effect through December 31, 2021.

The accompanying general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Separate columns are included in the financial statements for the government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the fund financial statements, which present the sole governmental fund (the general fund) of the Authority.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

State grants, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Authority reports the following major governmental fund:

The **general fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Authority, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes and Authority policy authorize the Authority to invest in:

- Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through March, 1997.

Receivables and Payables

Receivables consist of amounts due from various businesses related to surcharge fees.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated using the straight-line method over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

<u>Description</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Leasehold Improvements	Various
Equipment	5 - 10 Years

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

then. The Authority reports deferred outflows of resources for changes in expected and actual investment returns, assumptions, and benefits provided in its pension plan.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government-wide financial statements report deferred inflows of resources for the differences in experience recognized in the calculation of its net pension liability.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes payments received from participating local units of government for services to be provided in future periods.

Compensated Absences

Employees begin accumulating paid time off upon date of hire. Any accumulated vacation pay is paid upon termination.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Authority itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution or majority vote prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution or majority vote remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution or majority vote) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Authority for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Directors has authorized the director to assign fund balance. The Board of Directors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 2 - Excess of Expenditures over Budget

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The annual budget is prepared by the Authority and adopted by the Administrative Policy Board; subsequent amendments are approved by the Board of Directors. A comparison of actual results of operations to the budget as adopted by the Board of Directors is included in the financial statements. The Authority adopts its budget at the functional level. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget statement (statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund) is presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Authority had the following expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated:

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
Capital Outlay	<u>547,000</u>	<u>860,807</u>	<u>(313,807)</u>

Note 3 - Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2018, the Authority’s cash and investments was as follows:

Statement of Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 1,533,246

Classification of Deposits

Cash held by Authority \$ 1,552,855
Cash held in pooled account of Calhoun County (19,609)
\$ 1,533,246

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority’s deposits might not be returned. State law does not require and the Authority does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$1,281,277 of the Authority’s bank balance of \$1,531,277 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in Process	\$ -	\$ 632,976	\$ -	\$ 632,976
Capital assets being depreciated				
Leasehold Improvements	773,816	-	-	773,816
Equipment	9,426,588	227,831	18,888	9,635,531
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,200,404	227,831	18,888	10,409,347
Less accumulated depreciation				
Leasehold Improvements	290,182	38,691	-	328,873
Equipment	6,379,710	957,924	14,841	7,322,793
Total accumulated depreciation	6,669,892	996,615	14,841	7,651,666
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,530,512	\$ (135,808)	\$ 4,047	\$ 3,390,657

Depreciation expense of \$996,615 was charged to the public safety function.

Note 5 - Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity is as follows for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Capital Lease	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 160,396
Compensated Absences	49,301	8,674	57,975	29,000
Total	\$ 49,301	\$ 508,674	\$ 557,975	\$ 189,396

The Authority issued a capital lease in 2018 to acquire dispatch equipment, the lease has annual payments of \$180,238, with an interest rate of 4.07%. Payment maturities are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 160,396	\$ 19,842	\$ 180,238
2020	166,415	13,823	180,238
2021	173,189	7,049	180,238
Totals	\$ 500,000	\$ 40,714	\$ 540,714

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The risks of loss arising from general liability, property, and casualty are managed through purchased commercial insurance.

Note 7- Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided

01 -Administrators: Closed to new hires

Benefit Multiplier: 2.50% Multiplier (80% max)
Normal Retirement Age: 60
Vesting: 10 years
Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25
55/15
Final Average Compensation: 3 years
Employee Contributions: 2%
DC Plan for New Hires: 1/1/2009
Act 88: Yes (Adopted 11/9/2010)

10 - Supervisors & Deputy Director: Closed to new hires

Benefit Multiplier: 2.50% Multiplier (80% max)
Normal Retirement Age: 60
Vesting: 10 years
Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25
55/15
Final Average Compensation: 3 years
Employee Contributions: 4%
RS50% Percentage: 50%
DC Plan for New Hires: 1/1/2009
Act 88: Yes (Adopted 11/9/2010)

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

11 - Emergency Telecom: Closed to new hires

Benefit Multiplier: 2.50% Multiplier (80% max)
Normal Retirement Age: 60
Vesting: 10 years
Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25
55/15
Final Average Compensation: 3 years
COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound)
Employee Contributions: 7.30%
DC Plan for New Hires: 1/1/2009
Act 88: Yes (Adopted 11/9/2010)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2017 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	5
Active plan members	<u>12</u>
Total employees covered by MERS	<u>23</u>

Contributions

The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Annual employer contributions for the Authority range from \$2,952 to \$22,884 as all divisions are closed to new employees.

Net Pension Liability

The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%	
Salary increases	3.75%	In the long-term
Investment rate of return	7.75%	Net of investment expense, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5 percent long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3-4 percent

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global equity	57.5%	5.02%
Global fixed income	20.0%	2.18%
Real assets	12.5%	4.23%
Diversifying strategies	10.0%	6.56%

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Changes in Net Pension Asset			
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 5,640,552	\$ 5,568,398	\$ 72,154
Service cost	93,598	-	93,598
Interest	447,023	-	447,023
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(121,374)	-	(121,374)
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	27,816	(27,816)
Contributions - Employee	-	44,005	(44,005)
Net investment income	-	735,319	(735,319)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(199,173)	(199,173)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(11,642)	11,642
Net changes	220,074	596,325	(376,251)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 5,860,626	\$ 6,164,723	\$ (304,097)

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Authority, calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Authority's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7 percent) or one percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(7%)</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>(8%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(9%)</u>
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 434,322	\$ (304,097)	\$ (925,416)

The current discount rate shown for GASB68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Source</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 119,566
Difference between expected and actual experience	17,929	100,642
Change in assumptions	115,078	-
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date *	<u>201,728</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 334,735</u>	<u>\$ 220,208</u>

* The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2019.

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Years Ending December 31</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2019	\$ 59,309
2020	40,715
2021	(128,143)
2022	(59,082)

Note 8 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Authority also has a defined contribution pension plan established by the Authority to provide retirement benefits to all participating full-time employees of the Authority. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Authority Board. The Authority is required to contribute 7% to 14% of employee gross earnings. Employees may make optional contributions subject to limitations of Sections 415 of the Internal Revenue Code. Employer contributions vest after three years of service.

The Authority's contributions to the Plan totaled \$78,983 during 2018.

Note 9 - Office and Dispatch Center Leases

The Authority has entered into a lease for office space with Calhoun County through December 2029, with monthly payments of \$400 through 2018; \$450 from 2019 through 2024; and \$594 from 2025 through 2029. Scheduled future minimum lease obligations as of December 31, 2018 are summarized as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2019	5,400
2020	5,400
2021	5,400
2022	5,400
2023	5,400
2024	5,400
2025-2029	35,640
	<u>\$ 68,040</u>

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Authority has entered into a lease for its Dispatch Center with Calhoun County through December 2029, with monthly payments of \$2,117 through 2018; \$2,436 from 2019 through 2024; and \$2,796 from 2025 through 2029. Scheduled future minimum lease obligations as of December 31, 2018 are summarized as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2019	29,232
2020	29,232
2021	29,232
2022	29,232
2023	29,232
2024	29,232
2025-2029	167,760
	<u>\$ 343,152</u>

Note 10 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 28, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events that would have a significant impact on the financial condition of the Authority.

Required Supplementary Information

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		Positive (Negative)
				<u>Final to Actual</u>
Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 3,108,352	\$ 3,108,352	\$ 3,133,948	\$ 25,596
Interest	1,000	1,000	10,758	9,758
Total Revenues	<u>3,109,352</u>	<u>3,109,352</u>	<u>3,144,706</u>	<u>35,354</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Capital Lease	--	--	500,000	500,000
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	<u>3,109,352</u>	<u>3,109,352</u>	<u>3,644,706</u>	<u>535,354</u>
Expenditures				
Public Safety	3,122,478	3,275,478	3,041,812	233,666
Capital Outlay	700,000	547,000	860,807	(313,807)
Total Expenditures	<u>3,822,478</u>	<u>3,822,478</u>	<u>3,902,619</u>	<u>(80,141)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(713,126)</u>	<u>(713,126)</u>	<u>(257,913)</u>	<u>455,213</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(713,126)</u>	<u>(713,126)</u>	<u>(257,913)</u>	<u>455,213</u>
<i>Fund Balance at Beginning of Period</i>	1,898,679	1,898,679	1,898,679	--
Fund Balance at End of Period	<u>\$ 1,185,553</u>	<u>\$ 1,185,553</u>	<u>\$ 1,640,766</u>	<u>\$ 455,213</u>

Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - MERS
Last Four Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 93,598	\$ 101,880	\$ 105,858	\$ 125,146
Interest	447,023	422,349	381,747	353,098
Differences Between Expected & Actual Experience	(121,374)	(16,020)	44,821	-
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	287,695	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	(199,173)	(192,163)	(139,839)	(102,834)
Net Change in Pension Liability	220,074	316,046	680,282	375,410
<i>Total Pension Liability - Beginning</i>	5,640,552	5,324,506	4,644,224	4,268,814
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 5,860,626	\$ 5,640,552	\$ 5,324,506	\$ 4,644,224
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 27,816	\$ 30,000	\$ 10,380	\$ 12,000
Contributions - Member	44,005	47,049	59,236	61,526
Net Investment Income	735,319	581,583	(79,952)	317,706
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	(199,173)	(192,163)	(139,839)	(102,834)
Administrative Expenses	(11,642)	(11,479)	(11,606)	(11,690)
Other	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	596,325	454,990	(161,781)	276,708
<i>Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning</i>	5,568,398	5,113,408	5,275,189	4,998,481
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 6,164,723	\$ 5,568,398	\$ 5,113,408	\$ 5,275,189
Net Pension (Asset) Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (304,097)	\$ 72,154	\$ 211,098	\$ (630,965)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	105%	99%	96%	114%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 723,881	\$ 776,599	\$ 826,187	\$ 965,382
Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	-42%	9%	26%	-65%

* Built prospectively upon implementation of GASB68

**Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Contributions - MERS
Last Eight Fiscal Years**

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 44,308	\$ 27,816	\$ 13,416	\$ 10,380	\$ 6,120	\$ 6,684	\$ 112,044	\$ 196,077
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	201,728	27,816	30,000	10,380	12,000	12,000	112,044	196,077
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ (157,420)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (16,584)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (5,880)</u>	<u>\$ (5,316)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Employee Payroll	635,550	723,881	826,187	965,382	1,016,358	1,081,016	1,150,599	1,131,001
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	32%	4%	4%	1%	1%	1%	10%	17%

Notes

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age - Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	16 Years
Asset valuation method	5 Year smoothed
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.75% in the long-term
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expense, including inflation
Retirement Age	Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition
Mortality	50% Male - 50% Female blend of the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table

June 28, 2019

To the Board Members Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority
Marshall, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority (the "Authority") for the year ended December 31, 2018. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated March 11, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2018. We noted no transactions entered into by the Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the Authority's financial statements was:

- Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future.
- Management's estimate of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.
- The assumptions used in the actuarial valuation of the pension benefit plan are based on historical trends and industry standards.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 28, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

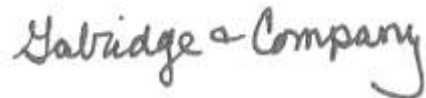
Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, and the required pension schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Board and management of the Calhoun County Consolidated Dispatch Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Gabridge & Company".

Gabridge & Company, PLC
Grand Rapids, MI